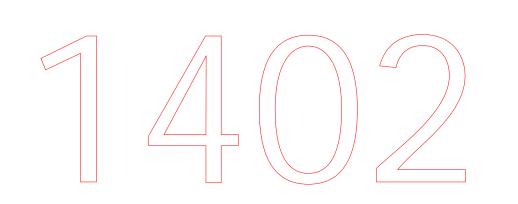
Words To Learn This Week

plea
weary
collide
confirm
verify
anticipate
dilemma
detour
merit
transmit
relieve
baffle



1. plea (ple) request; appeal; that which is asked of another

- a. The employees* turned in a plea to their boss for higher pay.
- b. The President's plea to release the captives* was denied by the enemy.
- c. In court today, the judge consented* to the lawyer's **plea** for a light sentence.

2. weary (wēr' ē) tired

- a. I am weary of debating* the same topic* all day.
- b. The farmer grew weary of bringing in the harvest* every year for the past forty summers.
- c. Let me rest my weary bones here before the march commences.*
- 3. collide (kə līd') come together with force
 - a. When the two autos collided, the people in the fragile* smaller car perished.*
 - b. Committees are exploring* ways of keeping cars from colliding.
 - c. In my estimate* the two bicycles collided at five o'clock.
- 4. confirm (kan ferm') prove to be true or correct; make certain
 - a. The way Victor talked back to his mother confirmed that he was defiant.*
 - b. A probe* of the criminal's background confirmed that he had been in jail numerous* times.
 - c. Years of research confirmed the theory* that smoking is harmful.
- 5. verify (ver' ə fi) prove to be true; confirm*
 - a. A "yes man" is an employee* who will verify everything the boss says.
 - b. I was there as a witness to verify the charges against the bus driver.
 - c. The data* I turned in were verified by the clerks in our office.
- 6. anticipate (an tis' a pat) look forward to; expect
 - a. We anticipate a panic* if the news is revealed* to the public.
 - b. Harriet anticipated the approach* of the mailman with fright.
 - c. With his weird* powers, Lonnie was able to anticipate the ringing of the telephone.
- 7. dilemma (de lem'e) situation requiring a choice between two evils; a difficult choice
 - a. It is sensible not to panic* in the face of a dilemma.
 - b. Lottie faced the dilemma of whether to approve of the operation or not.
 - c. In "The Lady or the Tiger," the hero had the dilemma of which door to open.
- 8. **detour** (dē' toor) a roundabout way
 - a. Pop was uneasy* about taking the detour in this strange town.
 - b. In order to evade* city traffic, Anthony took a detour.
 - c. The detour took us ten miles off our course.
- 9. merit (mer' it) goodness; worth; value
 - a. There is little **merit** in lying to those you love.
 - b. My brother was promoted because of merit, not because of friendship.
 - c. Do you think the tradition* of marriage has any merit?
- 10. transmit (trans mit') send over; pass on; pass along; let through
 - a. Garcia's message was transmitted to the appropriate* people.
 - b. Scientists can now transmit messages from space vessels* to earth.
 - c. Our local radio station does not transmit broadcasts after midnight.

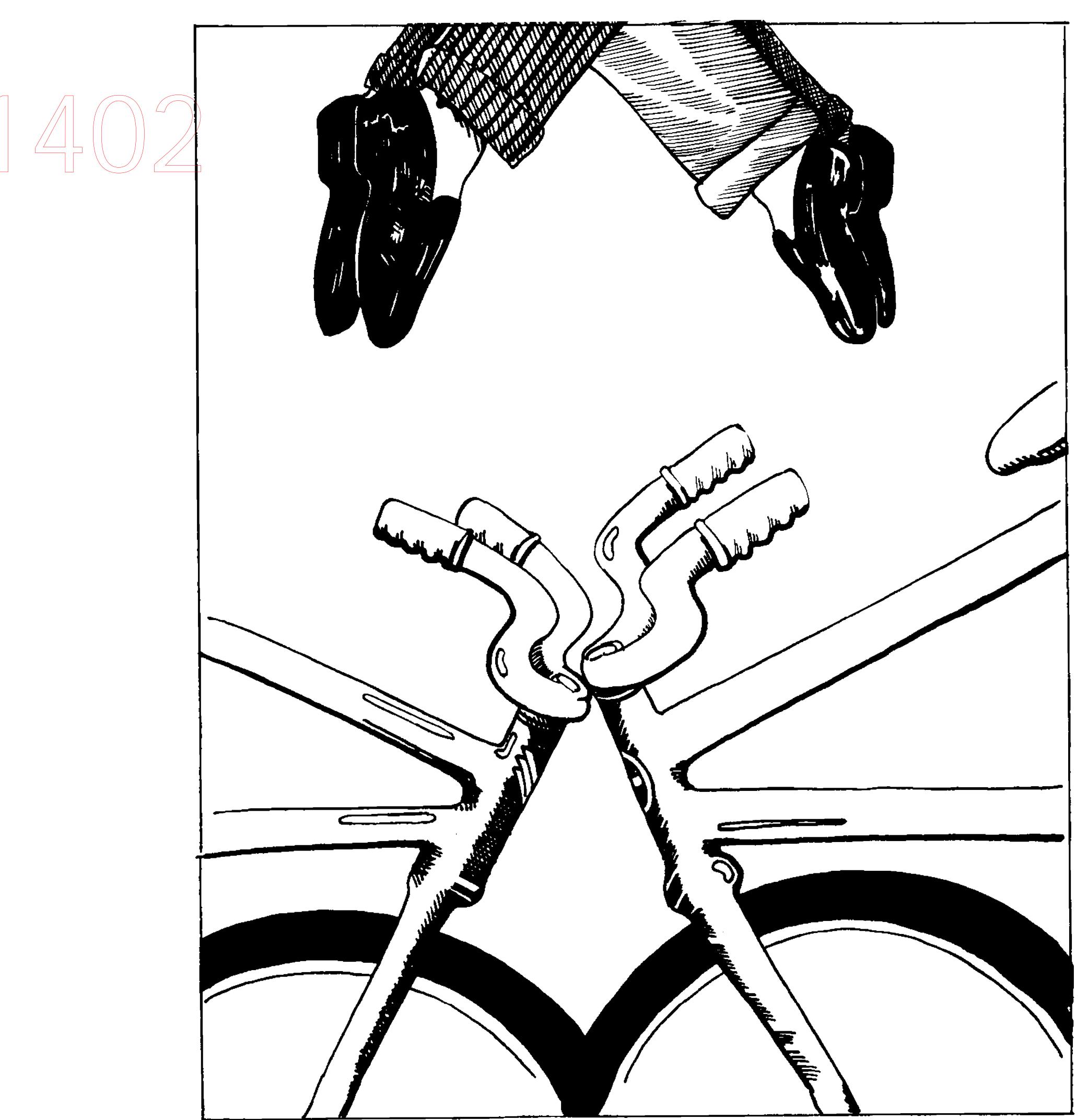
- relieve (ri lev') make less; make easier; reduce the pain of; replace; release; free
 - The pills relieved the pain from the wound I received in the conflict.*
 - A majority* of the population* wanted to relieve the mayor of his duty.
 - The peace agreement relieved us of the threat* of an attack.
- 12. **baffle** (baf'əl) be too hard to understand or solve
 - a. How so mediocre* a player earned so much money baffled me.
 - The topic* of relativity is a **baffling** one.
 - Sherlock Holmes would undoubtedly* have been baffled by the way the crime was committed.

Read the following story to see how the new words are used in it.

Safety in the Air

been for a machine that would warn them that they were about to collide with an oncoming airplane. Records confirm that the number of collisions is increasing each year, and pilots verify hundreds of reports of near misses. Recently a system that would electronically anticipate oncoming airplanes was devised,* and the

The most persistent* plea of weary pilots has always pilot's dilemma to dive or to climb, to detour to left or right, may be solved. The system has merit, though, only if every plane is equipped to transmit and receive a signal to and from an oncoming plane. But most aviation experts feel that only a system that watches every airplane in the sky will relieve a problem that tends to baffle every one who attempts to find a solution.

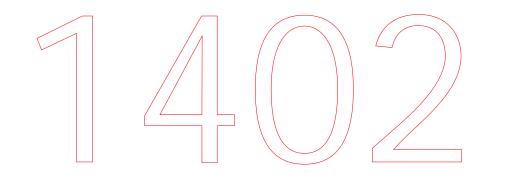


"Words are like leaves, and where they most abound Lesson 22 "Words are like leaves, and where they most much fruit of sense beneath is rarely found."

Alexander Pope, Essay on Criticism

Words To Learn This Week

warden acknowledge justice delinquent reject deprive spouse vocation unstable homicide penalize beneficiary



- 1. warden (wôr' den) keeper; guard; person in charge of a prison
 - a. The warden found himself facing two hundred defiant* prisoners.
 - A cautious* warden always has to anticipate* the possibility of an escape.
 - When the journalists* asked to meet with Warden Thomas, he sent word that he was sick.
- 2. acknowledge (ak näl' ij) admit to be true
 - The experts reluctantly* acknowledged that their estimate* of food costs was not accurate.*
 - District Attorney Hogan got the man to acknowledge that he had lied in court.
 - c. "I hate living alone," the bachelor* acknowledged.
- 3. justice (jus' tis) just conduct; fair dealing
 - Daniel Webster abandoned* any hope for justice once he saw the jury.
 - Our pledge* to the flag refers to "liberty and justice for all."
 - The warden* acknowledged* that justice had not been served in my case.
- 4. delinquent (di ling' kwent) an offender; criminal; behind time
 - a. The youthful delinquent tried to avoid* going to jail.
 - All delinquents are banned* from the Student Council at school.
 - If you are delinquent in paying your dues, you will be dropped from membership in the club.
- 5. reject (ri jekt') refuse to take, use, believe, consider, grant, etc.
 - a. Sylvester didn't try to evade* the draft because he knew the doctors would reject him once they saw the X-rays of his back.
 - The reform* bill was unanimously* rejected by Congress.
 - When his promotion was rejected by the newspaper owner, the editor* was thoroughly* bewildered.*
- 6. deprive (di priv') take away from by force
 - a. The poor man was deprived of a variety* of things that money could buy.
 - We were deprived of a good harvest* because of the lack* of rain.
 - Living in a rural* area, Betsy was deprived of concerts and plays.
- 7. **spouse** (spous) husband or wife
 - a. When a husband prospers* in his business, his **spouse** benefits also.
 - The woman and her spouse relieved* each other throughout the night at their child's bedside.
 - c. "May I bring my **spouse** to the office party?" Dorinda asked.
- 8. vocation (vō kā' shən) occupation; business; profession; trade
 - a. Red Smith's vocation was as a journalist* for the Times.
 - One should try to pick an appropriate* vocation that is appropriate for him or her.
 - c. If you are uneasy* in your **vocation**, you can never be happy.
- 9. unstable (un stā' bəl) not firmly fixed; easily moved or overthrown
 - An unstable person will panic* when he or she is in trouble.
 - I could detect* that the drinking glass was unstable and about to fall.
 - Cathy's balance became unstable because she was very weary.*
- homicide (häm' ə sīd) a killing of one human being by another; murder
 - The police were baffled* as to who was responsible for the homicide.
 - It took a crafty* person to get away with that homicide.
 - News of the homicide quickly circulated* through our vicinity.*

- 11. penalize (pe' ne liz) declare punishable by law or rule; set a penalty for
 - a. The Detroit Lions were penalized fifteen yards for their rough play.
 - b. We were **penalized** for not following tradition.*
 - c. Mrs. Robins penalized us for doing the math problem in ink.
- 12. beneficiary (ben a fish' e er e or ben a fish' a e) person who receives benefit
 - a. I was the beneficiary of \$8,000 when my grandfather died.
 - b. When the paintings were sold, the millionaire's niece was the beneficiary.
 - c. My brother was the **beneficiary** of excellent advice from his guidance counselor.

A New Way to Treat Prisoners

The warden of a prison today will readily acknowledge the new trend in prison reform.* In an attempt to provide a different brand of justice for society's delinquents, officials now reject the idea that prison should completely deprive the convict of freedom. Thus, in some prisons inmates are allowed to leave the prison grounds to visit

their spouses or to pursue* their vocation. Even the more unstable convict who may have committed homicide is not penalized as harshly* as before. The hope is that if persons emerge* from prison less defiant* than they do now, society will be the beneficiary.



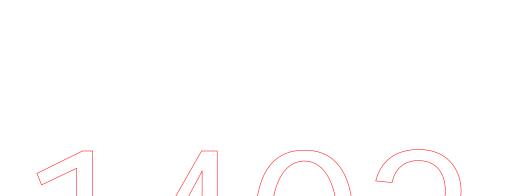
Lesson 23

"In words as fashions the same rule will hold, Alike fantastic if too new or old; Be not the first by whom the new are tried, Nor yet the last to lay the old aside."

Alexander Pope, Essay on Criticism

Words To Learn This Week

reptile
rarely
forbid
logical
exhibit
proceed
precaution
extract
prior
embrace
valiant
partial



- 1. reptile (rep' tel) a cold blooded animal that creeps or crawls; snakes, lizards, turtles, alligators, and crocodiles
 - a. The lizard is a reptile with a very slender* body.
 - b. Reptiles are kept in the museum's large hall.
 - c. A crocodile is a reptile that is more nimble* in the water than out of it.
- 2. rarely (rãr' lē) seldom; not often
 - a. You rarely hear adults raving* about a movie they just saw.
 - b. People are rarely frank* with each other.
 - c. I rarely attend the annual* meetings of our family circle.
- 3. forbid (fər bid') order someone not to do something; make a rule against
 - a. Spitting on the floor is forbidden in public places.
 - b. The law forbids drunken drivers to handle their autos.
 - c. I **forbid** you to enter the dense* jungle because of the peril* which awaits you there.
- 4. logical (loj' a kal) reasonable; reasonably expected
 - a. It is logical to spend a minimum* on needless things.
 - b. In order to keep your car running well, it is only **logical** that you lubricate* it regularly.
 - c. I used a logical argument to persuade* Lester to leave.
- 5. exhibit (eg zib' it) display; show
 - a. A million dollar microscope* is now on exhibit at our school.
 - b. The bride and groom exhibited their many expensive* gifts.
 - c. Kim frequently* **exhibited** her vast knowledge* of baseball before complete strangers.
- 6. **proceed** (pre sēd') go on after having stopped; move forward
 - a. Only those with special cards can proceed into the pool area.
 - b. When the actor was late, the show proceeded without him.
 - c. The senator **proceeded** to denounce* those wholesalers* who would deprive* Americans of their quota* of beef.
- 7. precaution (pre kô' shen) measures taken beforehand; foresight
 - a. Detectives used precaution before entering the bomb's vicinity.*
 - b. We must take every precaution not to pollute* the air.
 - c. Before igniting* the fire, the hunters took unusual precaution.
- 8. extract (eks trakt') pull out or draw out, usually with some effort
 - a. Dr. Fogel extracted my tooth in an amateur* fashion.
 - b. Chemists extracted the essential* vitamins from the grain.
 - c. Spencer was ingenious* in extracting information from witnesses.
- 9. **prior** (pri'ər) coming before; earlier
 - a. Prior to choosing his life's vocation,* Paul traveled to India.
 - b. Myrna was unhappy **prior** to meeting her beau.*
 - c. Samson had been a strong man prior to having his hair cut.
- 10. embrace (em brās') hug one another; a hug
 - a. After having been rivals* for years, the two men embraced.
 - b. When Ellen's spouse* approached,* she slipped out of Doug's embrace.
 - c. The young girl was bewildered* when the stranger **embraced** her.
- 11. valiant (val' yənt) brave; courageous
 - a. Robin Hood was valiant and faced his opponents* without fear.
 - b. The valiant paratroopers led the invasion.

- c. Grandma Joad had the ability* to be valiant when the need arose.
- 12. partial (pär' shəl) not complete; not total
 - a. We made a partial listing of the urgently* needed supplies.
 - b. Macy's had a sale on a partial selection of its winter clothes.
 - Using only a partial amount of his great speed, Jim Ryun surpassed* all the other runners.

Read the following story to see how the new words are used in it.

Handling Poisonous Snakes

How do the Indian snake charmers handle those live poisonous reptiles without being poisoned? Visitors to the Hopi Indians rarely leave the reservation without asking. Because Indians forbid any white person from taking part in such a ceremony, scientists could come to one logical answer: before the Indians exhibit the snakes, they proceed to remove the fangs. Yet some scientists

verify* the fact that all the snakes have fangs. They have a different theory.* The Indians take an important precaution: they extract most of the poison prior to the snake dance. Now the Indian can embrace the snake without being poisoned. He will appear valiant because he knows that the snake has only a partial supply of its deadly poison.



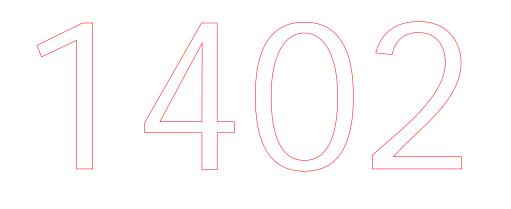
Lesson 24

"Words are the physicians of a mind diseased."

Aeschylus, Prometheus Bound

Words To Learn This Week

fierce
detest
sneer
scowl
encourage
consider
vermin
wail
symbol
authority
neutral
trifle



- 1. fierce (fērs) savage; wild
 - a. Barry was so fiercely angry that he thrust* his hand through the glass.
 - b. One must take appropriate* precautions* when approaching* fierce dogs.
 - c. He took one look at his fierce opponent* and ran.
- 2. detest (di test') dislike very much; hate
 - a. The world detests people who aren't valiant.*
 - b. Wally was certain that his girlfriend's parents would detest him because he had been a delinquent.*
 - c. I detest Chinese food but I won't deprive* you of the chance to eat it.
- 3. sneer (sner) show scorn or contempt by looks or words; a scornful look or remark
 - a. The journalists* were cautious* about sneering at the Secretary of Defense.
 - b. "Wipe that sneer off your face!" the dean told the delinquent.*
 - c. When offered a dime as a tip, the taxi driver sneered at his rider.
- 4. scowl (skoul) look angry by lowering the eyebrows; frown
 - a. Laverne scowled at her mother when she was prohibited* from going out.
 - b. I dread* seeing my father **scowl** when he gets my report card.
 - c. Because of a defect* in her vision,* it always appeared that Polly was scowling.
- 5. encourage (en ker' ij) give courage to; increase the confidence of
 - a. We encouraged the coach to devise* a plan for beating Jefferson High.
 - b. Some unstable* persons need to be encouraged to find a vocation.*
 - c. A valiant* person rarely* needs to be encouraged.
- 6. consider (kan sid' ar) think about in order to decide
 - a. Jon considered whether a comprehensive* report was necessary.
 - b. Do you consider that dress to be a bargain at the wholesale* price?
 - c. The wrestier was always considered to be the underdog* in every match.
- 7. **vermin** (ver' mən) small animals that are troublesome or destructive; fleas, bedbugs, lice, rats, and mice are vermin
 - a. One should try to eliminate* all vermin from his or her house.
 - b. Some reptiles* eat **vermin** as their food.
 - c. Although **vermin** are not always visible,* they probably inhabit* every house in the city.
- 8. wail (wal) cry loud and long because of grief or pain
 - a. When tragedy* struck, the old people began to wail.
 - b. In some countries the women are expected to wail loudly after their husbands die.
 - c. When the Yankees lost the World Series, there was much wailing in New York.
- 9. symbol (sim' bəl) something that stands for or represents something else
 - a. The statue outside the court building is considered* a symbol of justice.*
 - b. Symbols for God are prohibited* in the Jewish religion.
 - c. An olive branch is a symbol of peace.
- 10. **authority** (e thôr' e tē, e thär' e tē) the right to command or enforce obedience; power delegated to another; an author or volume that may be appealed to in support of an action or belief
 - a. No one should have the authority to dictate our career choice.
 - b. Today a monarch* does not have the authority he once enjoyed.
 - c. The Supreme Court is entrusted with the authority to interpret our Constitution.

- 11. neutral (noo' trel) on neither side of a quarrel or war
 - a. It is logical* to remain neutral in a violent* argument between spouses.*
 - b. Switzerland was a neutral country in World War II.
 - c. Adolph did not reject* the idea but remained neutral about it.
- 12. trifle (tri' fəl) a small amount; little bit; something of little value
 - a. I ate a **trifle** for dinner rather than a vast* meal.
 - b. Walter spends only a trifle of his time in studying French.
 - c. At our meetings Alex always raises trifling objections to any new plan.

Punishment for Drug Abuse

A recent* attempt by New Jersey's attorney general to lessen the penalties* for use of marijuana has caused fierce arguments around the country. Those who detest the drug users sneer and scowl at the light treatment of offenders. They reject* the attorney general's recommendation as lacking a morsel* of sense, claiming it would only encourage more drug abuse. They consider the drug addict much like vermin that must be stamped out.

Such citizens continually wail for stiffer penalties. Those in favor of a milder approach* to the drug problem point to the poor results achieved by prison terms. They feel addicts* should be given medical help. Also, in enforcing harsh* drug laws, police tend to be viewed as a symbol of unwelcome authority. The problem demands a solution. We cannot remain neutral or unconcerned, nor can we afford to muddle through with ineffective measures, for this is not a trifling matter.

